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CHASE
BROTHERS
COMPANY
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Greeting

In issuing this, the third edition of our Camera and Brush catalogue, we know that we are surpassing all previous efforts in placing before our patrons illustrations true to nature, and descriptions of the leading fruits and flowers of the day arranged and printed in the finest style of the printers' art.

To fully meet our ever increasing trade, we have during the past two years added over four hundred acres to our previous large plant. In both Fruit and Ornamental as well as Roses and Shrubs, our nurseries are kept fully up to the times. The immense stock which we grow, embracing great and varied collections suited to different soils and climates and the large force of skilled nursery assistants we have in our employ in addition to exceptional facilities for digging, handling, packing and shipping, place us in a position to give our customers the careful execution of all orders they may entrust to us.

The stock sent out from our nurseries has made the name of "Chase trees" synonymous with the best. Our reputation has been built up by sheer merit of things produced and sold and it will be our aim in the future to continue to deserve our good name and the patronage of those who desire the best there is in our line of business.

CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY,
New England Nurseries,
Rochester, N. Y.
Gideon. Originated in Minnesota, consequently a very hardy apple for cold locations. The quality is excellent. A very handsome fruit taking well in the markets, October to December.

Ben Davis. Probably there has been more money made in growing this variety than any other. It is a popular, handsome fruit, of a tenacious keeping quality, and a great shipper. It is also a profuse and quick bearer. December to March.


Wine Sap. Fruit large and deep red, flesh firm and rich. A showy apple for market or cider purposes. November to May. (Fig. 4).

Photograph showing one of our plantings at Marshfield, Wis., containing six hundred and forty trees, of following varieties: Wolfe River, Wealthy, Golden Russett, Talman Sweet, Yellow Transparent, Haas, and Wisconsin Greening. The photograph was taken three years from planting, and out of the lot only seventeen trees failed to grow. (Fig. 5).
APPLES

Martha (Crab Apple). Originated in Minnesota, and a seedling of Duchess of Oldenburg. Is in every sense of the word an iron-clad. Fruit is of fine flavor and good size. The finest and best crab on the list for cold locations. November to April.

Wealthy. A beautiful and excellent fruit. It is one of the best iron-clad varieties, succeeding well over a large extent of country and standing the cold climate of the Northwest without injury. December to February. (Fig. 4).

North Star. Originated in Maine; a very hardy, vigorous and handsome grower. The quality of fruit is most superior and appearance very attractive. The tree is a quick grower, bearing while young; we consider it one of the best of our list. November to January.

Showing a view of an orchard that has been sprayed each year, thereby giving a large revenue to the owner. This orchard forcibly demonstrates the importance of systematic spraying in order to secure continual paying crops. (Fig. 5).
**APPLES**

**Duchess of Oldenburg.** A very hardy, fall variety, succeeding in all climates. The tree is strong and vigorous, bearing abundantly while very young. September and October.

**Boiken.** A fine hardy, half Russian variety, highly commended by experimental stations as a good all around market sort. December to March.

**America.** A very attractive apple of fine quality. It is an excellent keeper. It is grown extensively in the Middle States. December to March.

**Jonathan.** There is no apple superior to Jonathan in flavor, beauty or for table or market purposes. It succeeds well in all parts of the country. November to April. (Fig. 4).
APPLES AND CRABS

**Yellow Transparent.** Considered one of the best summer apples grown, unusually hardy, fine quality, an early and strong bearer. August.

**Excelsior Crab.** A valuable early Minnesota variety, large and handsome, ripening in the fall. The flavor is excellent. September to October.

**Wolf River.** Originated near Wolf River, Wisconsin. Fruit very large and handsome, tree vigorous, hardy, bearing when very young. A great apple for Northwestern States. October to December.

**Whitney Crab.** Large, smooth and handsome. A prolific bearer and strong grower. One of the best. August. (Fig. 4).
Windsor. A large liver colored sweet Cherry; a native of Canada. It has proved very hardy. The fruit is of fine quality, remarkably firm and a prolific bearer. We consider the Windsor an ideal sweet cherry for cold climates. It gives general satisfaction wherever planted. July, Sweet.

Centennial. Fruit of large size; fine flesh and tender, very sweet. It is a seedling of Napoleon but much larger. The tree is a straight and erect grower; foliage large and handsome. Its color is attractive, making it very valuable for canning purposes. July, Sweet.

Montmorency. One of the most prolific sour varieties. It succeeds well in cold climates and is one of the best commercial varieties (see photograph of bearing orchard). July, Sour.
**Napoleon.** Very large, flesh extremely fine, vigorous and productive; one of the best for domestic purposes. July, Sweet.

**Governor Wood.** An excellent garden variety of superior quality; rich and juicy; much appreciated for table use. June, Sweet.

**Riga.** A new variety of great value; very large; a fine handsome grower, extremely hardy. It is the coming variety for canning purposes. July, Sour. (Fig. 3).
OSTHEIME. Imported from Russia, therefore proving most hardy in all cold sections. We recommend it for the New England States and the Northwest. July, Sour.

SCHMIDT’S. The largest of the list; flesh very fine; an abundant bearer. It is a late variety, and for that reason a valuable market sort. July, Sweet.

EARLY RICHMOND. An early red, acid Cherry; very valuable for cooking early in the season. Ripens through June. Tree a free grower, hardy, healthy, and very productive. (Fig. 3).
**Shipper's Pride.** This Plum originated near Lake Ontario. It is a fine, handsome cold climate variety. Grown largely for market in this section. September.

**Red June.** The earliest of all the Japan varieties; large and handsome; considered the best of its class for quality and flavor. August.

**Niagara.** An extra large Plum of good flavor, not liable to rot. It is a very strong grower as well as extremely hardy. Should be in every collection. August.
Monarch. Extremely large fruit, almost a free stone. Very hardy and a good strong grower. Trees bear very young, and a valuable variety on that account. September.

German Prune. Large, long, oval, dark purple; flesh firm, green, sweet, pleasant; fine flavor; much esteemed for drying. September.

Empire State. A very valuable native variety, of immense size. The tree is a magnificent grower and quality of fruit excellent. A great orchard sort. October.

Lombard. Medium size; oval; violet red; flesh yellow, juicy, and pleasant. Tree a great bearer, and peculiarly well adapted to light soils. Very hardy. September. (See Cut).
PLUMS

Damson (Shropshire). A Plum of fine quality; as free from the attacks of curculio as the common Damson, and of same color; the flesh is amber colored, juicy and sprightly. October.

Bradshaw. The well-known commercial variety, grown extensively on account of its regular cropping habits and for its size and attractive appearance. It is hardy and vigorous, doing well under all ordinary conditions. September.

Beauty of Naples. Medium size, greenish yellow, somewhat striped; very sweet, excellent flavor, thin skinned; hardy, strong grower; one of the best table varieties. August.

Reine Claude. Large; greenish yellow, with a little red; flesh juicy, melting, sugary, rich, excellent flavor, vigorous; remarkably productive. September. (See Cut).
PLUMS

Abundance. Large and beautiful; amber, turning to a rich bright cherry; flesh light yellow, juicy, tender, sweet, exceedingly productive. Season very early.

Burbank. Large and beautiful; clear cherry red; an abundant bearer; valuable market variety. Ripens early in September.

Wickson. Very large, glowing carmine, with a heavy white bloom; flesh firm, sugary, delicious; stone small.
PEACHES

Triumph. A superior early yellow variety, one of the best shippers of its class. Fruit handsome, very productive. July.

Greensboro. Considered the earliest of all first-class peaches; ripens two weeks before Alexander. A large yellow freestone. July.

Foster. Resembling the Early Crawford in general character and appearance. September.

Fitzgerald. A Canadian seedling, of extremely hardy qualities. Very large, firm and fine flavored. It is a first-class market variety. September.

Globe. Very large, fine and juicy; rich golden yellow. A valuable medium late variety, fruiting after Elberta. September to October. (Fig. 5).
PEACHES

**Early Crawford.** The best known valuable variety. It cannot be excelled as an all-around reliable money-maker. September.

**Crosby.** Fruit large and exceedingly handsome; delicious flavor. Almost superior garden variety. September.

**Elberta.** Probably the most largely grown and popular variety at the present time. Ripens two weeks after the Crawford, hence its value as a commercial sort. The fruit is large and quality good.

**Wonderful.** Very large; uniform in size and shape; flesh yellow, rich, high flavored, exceedingly firm. October. (Fig. 4).
**TOAF**

**Anil Inrush**

New England Nurseries
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

**PEARS**

**Kieffer.** The most vigorous and rapid grower of the list; considered blight proof. The most valuable variety for canning; bears extremely young. (See page 28.) October to November.

**Duchess d’Angouleme.** This variety attains its greatest perfection as a dwarf. It is hard to realize the large amount of fruit produced from these sturdy little trees. A dwarf Duchess orchard is a money-making investment. See Fig. 2 showing six-year-old bearing tree.) October to November.

**Seckel.** One of the most extensively planted variety of all the pears. The tree is most hardy and prolific, and the quality of fruit stands unchallenged. Every garden should have one or more trees. September to October.

**Vermont Beauty.** A beautiful new seedling Pear from Lake Champlain; fruit of medium size; tree healthy, hardy and very productive. October. (Fig. 4).
PEARS

**Koonce.** Tree very vigorous, fruit medium to large, delicious quality, a very valuable early pear. September.

**Bartlett.** It is cultivated over a large extent of country, and is the only standard summer pear of superior quality. It is always in great demand during its season. (See photograph of seven-year-old bearing tree, Fig. 2.) August to September.

**Clairgeau.** A strong shapely grower; fruit very large and handsome; an excellent keeper. One of the best and most productive varieties. October to January.

**Keffer (Tree).** We give a photograph of a two-year-old tree on the left showing its early bearing qualities and strength of growth.
PEARS

Anjou. Considered the longest keeper of all; quality and flavor equal to Bartlett. A most excellent and prolific late variety; it has no superior. October to February.

Clapp's Favorite. A very fine early garden pear, one of the best to eat out of hand. The fruit is very handsome, and quality equal to the best. August to September.

Idaho. Originated in Idaho; quality excellent; very vigorous, perfectly hardy; good keeper; productive. September and October.

Flemish Beauty. Large, musky flavor; strong grower; good bearer; very hardy and desirable. September.

Photograph above shows dwarf pears in nursery rows, also early bearing qualities. The little tree bearing fruit is of common occurrence in the nursery row.
QUINCES

Orange. Very large, beautiful, golden yellow, of excellent flavor. One of the best. October.

Meech’s Prolific. Very productive, early and regular bearer. The fruit is very tender and fragrant. October.

Rea’s Mammoth. A fine variety, of great size; also very hardy and a splendid grower. October.

Champion. Flavor very delicate, flesh tender as an apple. Trees bear while very young. None superior for canning or cooking purposes. October.

Photograph showing quince orchard in full bearing, and which brings to the owner a large yearly income.
BLACKBERRIES

**Erie.** A very early sort, productive and hardy. Berries are very firm, making it a good shipper.

**Rathbun.** It stands first in size and quality of fruit, which is produced in great abundance. Color is intense black. It is a hardy and rank grower. From every point we consider it the best.

**Eldorado.** The vines are vigorous and hardy, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury. The berries are large, jet black, borne in large clusters, and ripen well together; they are very sweet, melting, and pleasing to the taste. (Fig. 3).
BLACKBERRIES

Snyder. Its great bearing quality has given it prominence as a market variety. The flavor is good and free from hard or sour core.

Wachusett. Medium size, of good quality. Being free from thorns makes it a very desirable garden variety.

Wilson's Early. Very large; oblong, oval; firm, rich, sweet, good; ripens early, matures its fruit rapidly; retains its color well after picking. (Fig. 3).
RASPBERRIES

**Gregg.** Very large and of fine quality, and comparatively free from seed. It is a very vigorous grower and valuable for field cultivation.

**Cumberland.** Probably the largest black cap of recent introduction, some specimens having measured 3½ inches around. It is wonderfully productive and a most excellent variety for all purposes.

**Ohio.** Very hardy, vigorous; enormous bearer; good shipper, long keeper; one of the best for evaporating. (Fig. 3).
RASPBERRIES

Marlboro. One of the earliest and best market varieties, of splendid quality. It is very handsome and large, and of fine color.

Golden Queen. Very large, of superior quality, being greatly in demand for table and dessert purposes. One of the best garden varieties.
RASPBERRIES

Columbian. With a record of eight thousand quarts to the acre, this variety has steadily grown in favor and demand. It is the best and most universally used for canning purposes. In size it is a giant, and the all-around best berry in the list. Every one should plant this great variety.

Cuthbert. A very hardy, vigorous and prolific variety, and probably the best known market sort. Its fruiting season is long, making it valuable as a commercial variety.
Currants

Cherry. A most popular currant and well known for its general excellence. The color is extremely attractive, making it a quick seller. A fine standard variety.

Fay’s Prolific. Berries and bunches very large and long. It is a wonderful bearer and excellent shipper. (See photograph showing cluster.)

Black Champion. Flavor and quality excellent, used extensively for preserving, and highly prized for that purpose.

Tree Form. Many desire this form of growth, particularly where space is limited; very suitable for small gardens, or where a few plants are required. (Fig. 6).
CURRANTS

North Star. A very large and handsome variety, extremely hardy, and very suitable for extreme cold climates.

White Grape. The fruit is large and of a mild sweet flavor, making it superior for table use. It should be in every garden.

Perfection. A new variety of great merit; bunch large and well filled with fruit of a very uniform size; individual berry large, bright red, will prove of great value either for home use or marketing.
Grapes

Moore's Early. Very large and one of the earliest, ripening two weeks before Concord; a fine table grape.

Brighton. A most superb family variety; skin very tender; the flavor is rich and sweet. A fine strong grower.

Worden. Bunches very large and compact; ripens with Concord. Is noted for excellence of flavor. (Fig. 5).

Wilder. Clusters very large, compact, shouldered; berries very large, round, with sweet, tender, sprightly flesh. A vigorous, productive sort that ripens with Concord. (Fig. 6).
GRAPES

Niagara. Remarkably strong grower; very hardy; leaves thick, leathery and dark glossy green; bunches very large, uniform, very compact; berries large; skin thin but tough; quality good; very little pulp, melting sweet to the center; large bearer; good shipper.

Concord. A well-known and universal favorite, and probably the most popular of all varieties. It is a good wine grape, and of fine flavor for table use; also one of the earliest.

The reproduction from photograph shows a very old vine which has without intermission borne large yearly crops, proving that Concord still holds the lead for the best all around grape grown.
GRAPES

Moore's Diamond. Vigorous grower; bunch large, well filled, compact; berry about the size of Concord; flesh melting, juicy, sweet to the center; skin thin but sufficiently tough to bear packing and handling well; ripens ahead of Concord; very productive.

Agawam. Bunch large; berries large, round; flesh tender, juicy, vinous, with a high peculiar flavor; vigorous, hardy, productive.

Lindley. Of a pale red color, very handsome and high rich flavor. It is a strong grower and hardy; ripens with Delaware. (Fig. 5).

Vergennes. A fine red variety, of delicious flavor; found by chance in Vergennes, Vt.; very hardy, strong grower; clusters large; berry large, meaty, tender; ripens with Hartford; excellent keeper. (Fig. 6).
GOOSEBERRIES

Josselyn. (Red Jacket). A pure American variety, the most healthy and vigorous Gooseberry in cultivation. It is a most prolific bearer and the berries are very large and handsome, being when ripe a deep red color. It will not mildew.

Industry. Berries of largest size, excellent flavor, pleasant and rich, dark red color when fully ripe. Strong upright grower, an immense cropper, less subject to mildew than most of the foreign varieties. The best known and most successful English sort. (Fig. 1).

Keepsake. A new English variety; fruit very large, color light green; of the finest flavor; strong grower. Owing to its dense foliage, the bloom is protected from early spring frosts. It is the best of its class.
GOOSEBERRIES

Smith's. Fruit large, oval; light green; flesh moderately firm, sweet, and very good; plant vigorous and productive. (Fig. 1).

Downing. A native variety of good quality, hardy, and abundant bearer. It is the standard market berry.

Houghton. Also a native variety of great value; the berries are sweet and of fine flavor. One of the very best bearers.
LaFrance. A very hardy Tea rose; very full, of fine globular form; a constant bloomer, beautiful and valuable.

Coquette des Alpes. This is the strongest grower in the Noisette Class; very hardy and a most profuse and constant bloomer.

Earl of Dufferin. A large finely-formed rose and one of the most fragrant, of erect habit.

Marchioness of Lorne. A very fine deep pink shaded with carmine; delightfully fragrant; a free bloomer. (Fig. 4).

Magna Charta. Fine large pink flowers suffused with carmine; foliage and wood light green; fragrant and excellent. (Fig. 5).

ROSES

"With Camera and Brush"
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

"Roses always roses are—
What with roses can compare?"

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"Roses are of royal birth,
Loveliest Monarchs of the earth."

ROSES

Margaret Dickson. Of magnificent form, petals and leaves very large; flowers freely and highly fragrant.

Mrs. John Laing. One of the most valuable varieties on account of being a continual bloomer. Flowers fine and exceedingly fragrant.

Louis Van Houtte. Medium size, but a constant and free bloomer; it is considered one of our best crimson roses. (Fig. 3).

Paul Neyron. The largest variety in cultivation; beautiful pink color, and a very desirable garden rose, blooms freely during the season. (Fig. 4).
ROSES

Clio. Flowers very large and finely formed; vigorous in growth with handsome foliage.

John Keynes. A particularly fine variety for cutting, the buds being very handsome; a constant and free bloomer.

Fisher Holmes. Deep glowing crimson; large moderately full, and of fine imbricated form. A superb rose. (Fig. 3).

General Jacqueminot. Although one of the old dark red varieties, it has never been excelled for beauty in form and color; it is a wonderful free bloomer and very hardy. (Fig. 4).

"Dear rose, thy joys undimmed,
Thy cup is ruby rimmed,
Thy cup's heart nectar brimmed."

65
ROSES

Anne de Diesbach.
A very large and extremely hardy rose; superior for single planting, being an excellent bloomer.

Blanche Robert. A fine moss rose, of perfect form; the buds and flowers are produced in clusters surrounded with deep green moss.

Prince Camille d’Rohan.
Well formed and most fragrant; one of the best dark crimson roses.

Marshall P. Wilder. Flowers large, of a bright cherry carmine. In vigor, hardiness and freedom of bloom it cannot be surpassed. (Fig. 4).

Tree Roses. We furnish these in three colors,—white, pink and red. They are unique and striking; perfectly hardy and easy of cultivation. (Fig. 5).
ROSES

Ulrich Brunner. Brilliant cherry red, a very effective color; flowers of fine form and finish, carried well upon the plant; petals of great substance; plant vigorous, hardy, and resists mildew. One of the best varieties for forcing and open air culture.

Marchioness of Londonderry. Flowers of great size, perfectly formed, and carried on stout stems. Color ivory white; petals of great substance, shell shaped and reflexed; free flowering; highly perfumed; growth vigorous and foliage very handsome. One of the finest roses.

Frau Karl Druschki. A new hardy white rose. The flowers are snow white and beautifully formed. It has won many prizes as an ideal hardy free blooming variety.

The half tone reproduction is from a photograph of that excellent rose, Madam Gabriel Luizet, which has no rival for fragrance, color or exhibition; it is finely formed, of a delicate pink color, good bloom and very hardy.
ROSES

Lady Gay. Flowers (in large loose clusters) are of a delicate cherry pink color, fading to soft tinted white. The effect of a plant in full bloom with the combination of soft white flowers, cherry pink buds and deep green of the foliage is indeed charming. Hardy and unsurpassed for climbing work.

Dorothy Perkins. This is a grand new variety, so hardy as to withstand the most severe Winters with impunity. Grows 10 to 15 feet in a season. Flowers are perfectly double with petals crinkled, and color a clear shell-pink. They are borne in immense clusters that cover the bush for several weeks in the Spring. Blooms just in time for June weddings, and because of its abundance of bloom is a most valuable Rose for cutting and decorating. (Fig. 1).
**ROSES**

**Yellow Rambler.** The buds are bright yellow, becoming lighter when in full bloom. Flowers produced in clusters of eight or ten. The plant is vigorous, a free bloomer and good climber.

**White Rambler.** Flowers are medium in size, produced in large clusters; very fragrant and ornamental. It grows well in pillar form, as shown in photograph 2; also fine for trellis.

**Crimson Rambler.** The Crimson Rambler is unquestionably the finest of its class. Its immense clusters of bloom are wonderful. For verandas or walls it is most suitable, and when grown in pillar form it attains its greatest beauty. See photograph 3.

"How the nightingales warble their loves
from thickets of roses that bloom!"
ROSES

Baby Ramblers. A type of Rose which is becoming very popular for bedding purposes. They form shapely, compact, bushy specimens about 18 inches high, producing in great profusion from early in the season until severe frost immense trusses of small flowers. See photograph above.

Crimson or Baby Rambler. (Mme. Norbert Levavasseur). Crimson flowers similar to the popular Climbing Crimson Rambler.

Pink Baby Rambler. (Achen Muller). Brilliant luminous pink; a shade that is always admired.

White Baby Rambler. (Katherina Zeimet). Pure white flowers, showing the yellow stamens very prettily, produced in large candelabra-shaped trusses.
ROSES

Persian Yellow. Deep, bright yellow; small but handsome; double; a very early bloomer; the finest hardy yellow rose.

Rosa Wichuriana. (Memorial Rose). Handsome for covering rockeries, mounds or embankments; especially valuable for cemetery planting. The pure white, single flowers appear in greatest profusion during the month of July, while its almost evergreen foliage makes it very desirable at all seasons of the year.

Mrs. R. G. S. Crawford. Grandly formed flowers of warm, delicate pink, the heavy petals finely imbricated. A particularly good sort. (See cut.)
SHRUBS

Japan Quince. (Cydonia. Pyrus Japonica). One of our choiceest shrubs; makes an excellent hedge, also effective for lawn grouping, or as single specimens. Foliage dark green and glossy, holding color well during entire summer. Flowering season May and June.

Berberis Thunbergii. A beautiful species, of dwarf habit, small foliage, becoming a bright red towards autumn. Very fine for lawn or border planting; and makes a good low hedge.

Berberis Purple-Leaved. One of our most important shrubs for foliage effects. The color is a rich violet purple; blending finely with that of other shrubs. It is most striking when planted in groups.
"They sleep in the dust through the wintry hours,
They break forth in glory,
Dear flowers, bright flowers!"

**SHRUBS**

**Snowball Japan.** (Viburnum Plicatum). Far superior to the common variety, more compact habit, finer foliage, flowers larger and much whiter. One of our most valuable shrubs. Flowering season June.

**Calycanthus.** (Sweet-scented Shrub). A most beautiful shrub with fragrant wood and rich foliage; flowers double purple, very fragrant. Flowers in June and at intervals afterwards.
**SHRUBS**

**Deutzia, Gracilis.**
A very dwarf variety, flowers pure white borne on slender branches. Flowering season June.

**Deutzia Pride of Rochester.** Very large double white flowers tinted with rose; panicles extremely long, habit vigorous. Flowering season June.

**Deutzia, Lemoineii.** A new and beautiful white variety of upright growth; habit dwarf. A very free bloomer, and has proved entirely hardy. Flowering season June. (Fig. 3).
SHRUBS

**Lilac President**
*Grevy.* Flowers very large, some of the panicles measuring nearly a foot in length. A very fine upright grower. Flowering season June.

**Lilac Ludwig**
*Spaeth.* Individual flower very large. The panicles are long, with bloom very compact. A dark purplish red. Flowering season June.

**Lilac Marie Legraye.** Large panicles of white flowers. The bush is very handsome; it is considered one of the best white lilacs. Flowering season June.

**Lilac Frau Damman.** A beautiful white variety; although the individual flowers are medium in size, the panicles are immense, making it one of the most desirable sorts. Flowering season June. (Fig. 4).

“Not a shrub that I heard her admire,  
But I hasted and planted it there.  
Oh, how sudden the jessamines strove  
With the lilac to render it fair!”

"With Camera and Brush"  
New England Nurseries  
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY  
ROCHESTER, N.Y.
“Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May
And summer’s lease hath all too short a day.”

“The flowering almond, first to bring
Its perfume to the breeze,
The earliest at the call of spring
Among the green clad trees.”

**SHRUBS**

**Red Bud or Judas Tree.** (Cercis). A beautiful small lawn tree, covered with a profusion of red flowers before the foliage appears. Very attractive early in the season. Flowering season May.

**Forsythia Fortuneii.** (Golden Bell). Foliage very deep green covered with a quantity of bright yellow flowers. One of the handsomest early flowering shrubs. Flowering season May.

**Flowering Almond.** (Prunus). A most beautiful small shrub coming into full bloom early in the Spring. The double pink and white varieties are the most desirable. The foliage is also handsome when shrub is out of bloom. Flowering season May.
RED BUD OR JUDAS TREE

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEII

FLOWERING ALMOND
**SHRUBS**

*Syringa Coronarius.* Flowers pure white, highly scented. It is hardy in all climates. Flowering season June.

*Syringa Golden Leaved.* The foliage is most handsome, of a bright golden yellow and dark green. Very desirable in all shrub collections on account of contrast in color. Flowering season June.

*Syringa Grandiflorus.* Very large flowers, but not as compact as other varieties, being more dwarf in habit. It should be in every collection. Flowering season June and July.

*Syringa Gordonianus.* One of the late blooming varieties; very vigorous grower and profuse bloomer. Valuable on account of its being a late flowering variety. Flowering season June and July. (Fig. 4).

*Syringa Coronarius. flore pleno.* A variety with partially double white flowers, very fragrant. Flowering season June. (Fig. 5).

*Ampelopsis Veitchii.* This is one of our best climbers. We show manner of growth. It is the only variety which is available for stone or brick falls; it needs no training. (Fig. 6).
Spirea Thunbergii. Of dwarf habit and graceful form. The branches are slender and drooping; the foliage is light green. One of the earliest bloomers. Flowering season June.

Spirea Prunifolia. (Sometimes called Bridal Wreath). This is a beautiful variety from Japan. The flowers are very double, borne in profusion along the slender and drooping stems. It ranks among the very best. Flowering season June.

Spirea Van Houttei. This is considered the finest of its class. It is a noble shrub and unexcelled for beauty of form and flower. Flowering season May and June.

Spirea Arguta. A fine dwarf variety; one of the earliest bloomers. Flowers are pure white and foliage handsome. Flowering season May. (Fig. 4).
SHRUBS

Spirea Bumalda. Another very handsome species from Japan; dwarf in its habits, but a strong grower. The flowers appear in great profusion during midsummer, and continue to bloom until late in the season. Flowering season July and August.

Spirea Callosa. A free grower and blooms the entire summer. The flowers are a rich rosy color borne in large panicles. A fine variety for massing purposes. Flowering season July and August.

Spirea Anthony Waterer. A dwarf variety of rapid growth. On account of its dwarf habit, it is quite an acquisition for small lawns or border planting. It blooms during the entire summer.

Spirea Van Houttei. On account of the excellence of this variety, we give it prominence by showing shrub in full bloom. (Fig. 4).
SHRUBS

**Weigela Candida.** Very erect while young; flowers large, and continues to bloom at intervals throughout the summer. Flowering season June. (Fig. 1).

**Weigela Rosea.** An elegant shrub, of strong growth; considered one of the most desirable. Flowering season June.

**Weigela Floribunda.** This is a beautiful variety, being a profuse bloomer with strikingly handsome dark red flowers. Flowering season June.

**Eva Rahlke.** A new variety of great merit. Flowers are dark crimson, almost a maroon. A fine symmetrical grower. It should be extensively planted. (Fig. 4).

"There's a smile on the fruit
And a smile on the flower;
And a laugh from the brook
That runs to the sea."
**SHRUBS**

**Althea Variegated.** This is one of the best. Foliage beautifully marked with white; flowers dark red and double. Flowering season August and September.

**Althea Purple.** Flowers large and single; nothing can be more striking than this beautiful bush when in full bloom. Flowering season August and September.

The colors are numerous, all of which we can furnish.
SHRUBS

Honeysuckle Upright. (Lonicera). Beautiful upright shrubs, valuable for their showy fruit and bright colored flowers. We furnish them in three colors,—red, white and pink. They make a fine display when planted together. Flowering season June.

Kerria Japonica. (Corchorus). A slender shrub with light green branches, bearing a profusion of globular yellow flowers. One of the prettiest of summer flowering shrubs. Flowering season July. (Fig. 2).

Exochorda Grandiflora. (Pearl Bush). A very valuable shrub, producing large white flowers. The branches are slender and graceful. One of the finest of its season. Flowering season May.

We give a view of a portion of the horticultural grounds of Cornell University, showing the effect of perennial foreground planting. This planting represents seven years’ growth.

"The Sweetest honeysuckle, which is fair as fragrant."
SHRUBS

Flowering Crab. (Pyrus). A most beautiful shrub or small lawn tree; the flowers are double and fragrant. It is comparatively new in lawn decoration, but considered a great acquisition. Furnished in two colors—pink and white. Flowering season May.

Daphne Cneorum. A small erect shrub, producing flowers in bright clusters. It is the earliest flowering shrub in the list; valuable in rocky locations. Flowering season April.

"Blossoms of the flowering trees
April's gift to April's bees,
Birthday ornament of spring,
Flora's fairest daughterling."
SHRUBS

_Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora_. This is admitted by all to be the standard shrub for beauty, hardiness and all-round effect. It attains a height of from eight to ten feet. A mass planting of this beautiful variety is beyond description. Flowering season August. Excellent for hedging purposes as shown in half-tone.

_Hydrangea Tree Form_. For single lawn specimens this form of growth is unexcelled. They are becoming very popular for small lawns, where economy in room is necessary. Flowering season August. (Fig. 2).
AMERICAN "EVERBLOOMING" HYDRANGEA

This new American Hydrangea is believed to be the most beautiful hardy flowering shrub introduced during the last twenty years. It was found growing wild in the rocky hills of Western Pennsylvania several years ago, it blooms profusely from early June till toward autumn frosts. This illustration is from a photograph of a three-year old plant taken June 18th, 1906. At this writing, August 15th, the old and popular Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora, which up to now has been one of the most popular flowering shrubs, has not opened a single panicle of bloom, while the new form has been in magnificent bloom for more than two months.

The plant, which attains a height of five or six feet, with near the same breadth, is of far more graceful habit than the old form; with large trusses of beautifully formed flowers of dazzling whiteness, rendering this a plant of peerless beauty. It seems to thrive in various soils, and when fully exposed to the sun, as well as in partial shade.
Laburnum or Golden Chain. (Cytisus). A very handsome small lawn tree covered during early spring with a profusion of drooping racemes of golden yellow flowers, from which it derives its name "Golden Chain." The foliage is smooth and shining.

CLIMBERS

Wistaria Purple. One of the most rapid growing of all climbing shrubs. When in bloom, nothing can surpass it for beauty and delicate color effect.

Wistaria Chinese White. This is a beautiful variety which shows to the best advantage when grown in bush form. It is also attractive as a climber. The photograph shows it as a lawn shrub.

"By my bower grew a laburnum tree
And a wild hop clambered over it."
CLIMBERS

Clematis Kermesina. A very fine variety with medium size flowers. It is a strong grower and valuable for fence, screen or planting along the garden walks and among shrubbery. Flowering season July and August.

Clematis Paniculata. One of the latest Japan novelties and a wonderful plant. The flowers are small star-shaped and fragrant. The profusion of bloom resembles a snow-drift, so close are the flowers borne on the branches. The foliage is dark green and glossy. It will make a growth of 25 feet in one season. Hardy in all sections. Suitable for porches as in half-tone above. Flowering season August and September.

Clematis Ramona. An American seedling, very hardy, blooms constantly through the season. The flowers are very large and of a bright sky blue. We highly commend it.
CLIMBERS

*Clematis Henryi.* A very large, finely-formed flower, moderately strong grower, quite hardy. It is considered the best white variety.

*Clematis Jackmanni.* A strong grower and a most abundant bloomer. The flowers are remarkable for their intense rich purple color. It gives a long season of bloom.

*Clematis Madam Edward Andre.* The flowers are very large. A good strong grower with habits similar to Jackmanni. The color is a very rich maroon. It is a constant bloomer.
CLIMBERS

Trumpet Flower. (Tecoma). A fine hardy climber with large trumpet-shaped flowers. The foliage is beautiful. It is one of the most valuable varieties for veranda or porch use. Flowering season August.

Birthwort or Dutchman's Pipe. (Aristolochia Sipho). A native climber of rapid growth. The foliage is very large, leaves measuring ten to twelve inches, making a dense and excellent shade. The flowers are pipe-shaped and very odd.
CLIMBERS

Honeysuckle or Woodbine. These beautiful climbing shrubs are well known and highly prized for their rapid growth, beautiful foliage, clean habits and delightful fragrance. They should be universally planted.

Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trumpet. This is a very handsome variety; the flowers are very attractive. It is a most rapid grower, valuable for making dense and quick shade.

Honeysuckle, Monthly Fragrant. This variety blooms continually during the summer; one of the most fragrant; extremely hardy, and a free grower.

Honeysuckle, Hall’s Japan. This is no doubt the most useful of the class; almost evergreen, the foliage holding green until after Christmas. A strong dense grower. It is also valuable for planting among shrubbery, as it can be pruned to any desired form. Very fragrant.

"There lightly swung in bowery glades,
The honeysuckle's twine."

114
AMERICAN IVY
SHRUB MASSING

**Eleagnus Longipes.** A very desirable, nearly evergreen shrub, with light foliage, which is silvered on the under surface with little white scales. The abundant crop of orange-colored fruit is a very attractive feature during the summer.

**Colutea Arborescens.** A large shrub, with small, delicate foliage and yellow pea-shaped blossoms, flowering in June, followed by reddish pods or bladders.

**Spirea Prunifolia.** A beautiful shrub from Japan, having double daisy-like flowers of pure white in the greatest profusion. Very hardy, and in every way desirable as it keeps in flower a long time. (See page 90.)

**Ivy American.** This well-known climber is one of the best for covering trees, trellises, arbors, etc.; its large deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet in the fall.

Half-tone above shows an effective shrub massing for small lawns for the purpose of screening rear of premises.
PERENNIALS AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS

Trollius. (Globe Flower). A most interesting plant for borders, growing about 18 inches in height. Upright and graceful; very fine for cutting; the color of flowers making a strong contrast when planted with other varieties. Flowering season June to August.

Alyssum. (Saxatile Compactum). One of the finest perennials for rock or border planting. It flowers profusely during early summer, growing about a foot high, and making a thick mass of bloom. Flowering season June.

Peony Tenuifolia. (Fringe Leaf). A most ornamental plant with fine cut leaf foliage and wonderfully brilliant double flowers. It is very handsome when grown in clumps of six or more. Flowering season July.
HERBACEOUS PLANTS

Peonies (Double Herbaceous). The peonies are without doubt the most valuable plants for all positions. They are very attractive planted singly on the lawn, and magnificent where massed in beds or borders. The flowers are most fragrant. During the summer months mulching will be beneficial.

Showing standard colors which are selected from the best and most improved named varieties. Flowering season June and July.

Showing photograph of plant grown singly on the lawn. Nothing can be more handsome. The flowers are very large, measuring eight inches across. (Fig. 4).

Showing photograph of bed. (Fig. 5). This is where the peony is at its best, being unsurpassed when grand display is needed for large and extensive grounds.
SHRUB MASSING

Lilac Ludwig Spaeth. This is one of the best free blooming lilacs; very attractive when massed with other shrubs. (See pages 84-85).

Deutzia Pride of Rochester. A tall growing variety, panicles very large. It is the hardiest of the species. (See pages 82-83).

Hydrangea Paniculata. Without question the best all round ornamental shrub. Hardy anywhere and the best fall bloomer of the list. (See pages 102-105).

Sambucus Aurea. (Golden Elder). Of strong growth and one of the best yellow foliage shrubs; the color is remarkably bright, rich and constant, and makes a fine contrast in the shrubbery border.

Half-tone above shows a fine shrub arrangement, illustrating the proper method of grading from high to low in order that every specimen will be plainly visible.
SHRUB MASSING

Althea. (Rose of Sharon). The Altheas are among the most valuable of our hardy shrubs on account of their late season of blooming, which is from August to October, a period during which but few shrubs or trees are in flower. Varieties include colors red, white, purple, pink and lilac both double and single. (See pages 96-97).

Spirea. (Arguta multiflora). The best very early flowering white Spirea, of dwarf habit. (See pages 90-93-117-125 for other varieties).

Cornus Sanguinea. (Red-twigged Dogwood). A strong-growing bush, with crimson-colored branches; especially attractive in winter.

Viburnum Plicatum. A Japanese variety of the old-fashioned snowball. A very valuable hardy shrub showing a solid mass of white bloom in June. The foliage in summer is a deep olive very fine. (See pages 80-81).

Half-tone above shows a fine massing of Spireas making a very effective lawn planting. This bed contains thirteen varieties.
An artistic arrangement of shrubs and vines for the porch and its foundation.

A beautiful shrub border, appropriately selected for height and color contrast.
Berberis Thunbergii Hedge

California Privet Hedge
Crimson Rambler Hedge

Japan Quince Hedge
ORIENTAL PLANE

AMERICAN ELM

PURPLE FRINGE

CATALPA SPECIOSA
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